

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. I.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Wednesday Morning, March 16, 1864. [No. 59.

Daily Union Vedette,
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS
—AT—
CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,
—OF THE—
OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,
—OF THE—
California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

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—MR. ED. FERRIS— is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Office in the U. S. Quartermaster's Storehouse, Main Street.
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L. P. FISHER,
No. 229 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

NEW.
We are now prepared to supply Blank Mining Deeds to parties desiring them. Having received a good supply of paper, we can fill any order with which we may be favored, for all the necessary blanks or forms required by mining companies or others.

DENTISTRY.

DR. WM. H. GROVES, late of San Francisco, Cal., Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist. Office, next door to the National Hotel, G. S. L. City. nov27/64

S. M. BLAIR,
ATTORNEY GENERAL for the Territory of Utah, will attend to all business in the U. S. District Court, also, in the Territorial District Court, to be held in G. S. L. City at the March Term, 1864, that may be intrusted to his care, in a manner satisfactory. Except business where the Territory is a party. feb11/64

FOR SALE.
GUNNY AND GRAIN SACKS, at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, Salt Lake City.

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SALT LAKE CITY POST OFFICE.

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Eastern Mails.
For all places East of Salt Lake City, closes at 4 p. m. each day.
Western Mails.
For all places West of Salt Lake City, closes at 6 p. m. each day.
Northern Mails.
For Bannack City, East Idaho, on Mondays at 7:30 a. m.
For all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs Idaho, on Mondays and Thursdays at 7:30 a. m.
Southern Mails.
For all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country; all settlements in San Pete county; for Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Thursdays at 6:30 a. m.
For Fillmore City, and all settlements between Salt Lake City and Fillmore, on Mondays and Thursdays, at 6:30 a. m.

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Eastern Mails.
Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—p. m.
Western Mails.
Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—A. M.
Northern Mails.
From Bannack City, East Idaho, on Saturdays 4 p. m.
From all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs, Idaho Territory, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m.
Southern Mails.
From all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country, and all settlements in San Pete County, on Wednesdays, 4 p. m.
From Fillmore City, and all settlements between Fillmore and Salt Lake City, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 p. m.
From Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Thursdays, 4 p. m.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.
[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Gov. Hahn Inaugurated.
The Orleans *Morning Star* of the 6th says Governor Hahn was inaugurated on the 4th. The ceremonies were impressing. Gen. Banks delivered an address. He predicted the reduction of the insurrection to three or four States on the Atlantic coast in the summer's campaign. Hahn's inaugural regards slavery as the cause of the present unholy attempt to break up the Government, and its universal and immediate extinction would be a public and private blessing. He says: From every light before me, I deem it not extravagant to look upon this year as the final one of the most senseless and murderous rebellion that ever occurred in a civilized nation.

Death of Beauregard's Wife.
Beauregard's wife died on the 2d, and the funeral on the 4th was the largest ever witnessed in Orleans. Over six thousand persons attended. Gen. Banks kindly extended to the family the steamer Nebraska to convey the remains a few miles up the river to her father's plantation. The body was followed to the levee by thousands of ladies, to take a farewell of one who was loved and esteemed by all.

Sherman's Arrival at Orleans.
Gen. Sherman arrived at Orleans on the 2d. The late expedition, called by himself a big raid, the course of which reached a point ten miles east of Meridian without opposition worthy of name, and returned with eleven hundred mules, four thousand contrabands, five hundred prisoners and a large amount of supplies. Our troops are rapidly returning from Texas. The Papers contain no news from Farragut.

A State Convention called in Kentucky.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 11th.
The Union Central Committee has called a State Convention to meet in this city, to nominate an electoral ticket and appoint delegates to the Chicago Convention. The call was signed by James Guthrie, George D. Prentice, H. Pope, and others.

Mexican News.
News from Vera Cruz to March 1st, and City of Mexico, to Feb. 26th: Report that Juarez has resigned. It is denied in a letter by himself. From all parts of the country comes intelligence of the occupation of various towns by the French troops. The French also had naval success, their war corvette Cordeliere, captured and took into San Blas the Mexican vessel San Francisco, formerly the English steamer Lord Raglan, with dispatches for Juarez. Later accounts state that Juarez is at Santa Catalina.

News from St. Domingo are favorable to the Spanish in the battle which had taken place at Maluco, in which the royalist troops surprised the rebels, pushed upon them and destroyed their camp and put them completely to flight.

Public meeting in Santa Fe—Brig. Gen. James H. Carleton Endorsed.

At a large meeting of the citizens of the city of Santa Fe, convened in the Council Chamber on the evening of Feb. 21st, 1864, the following proceedings were had:

On motion, Gov. Connelly was elected President, Col. Ceran St. Vrain and Don Simon Delgado, Vice Presidents, and Hon. Joab Houghton and John T. Russell, Secretaries.

The President explained, in English and Spanish, the object of the meeting to be to declare the sentiments of the people of this city in reference to certain publications made in some of the New York City and other newspapers derogatory to the character of Brigadier-General Carleton, Commandant of the Military Department of New Mexico.

On motion of Chief Justice Benedict, a committee of seven, consisting of the following gentlemen: Chief Justice Benedict, Hon. José Manuel Gállegos, Col. James L. Collins, Don Miguel E. Pino, Gen. C. P. Clever, Hon. Anastacio Sandoval and Merrill Ashurst, Esq., were appointed by the President to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

The above referred to newspaper articles were then read in English by Chief Justice Benedict and in Spanish by the President.

The committee on resolutions retired from the hall, and upon their return, Chief Justice Benedict reported the following preamble and resolutions in behalf of the committee of which he was chairman:

WHEREAS, by the arrival of the mail from the States upon Thursday of the past week, it has come to our knowledge and to the knowledge of the citizens of this city, that in the New York *Journal of Commerce*, the New York *World*, and other prominent papers, that have appeared at various points and almost simultaneously, violent, abusive and, as we believe, grossly unjust and unfounded imputations and attacks upon the official and personal conduct and character of Brigadier-General James H. Carleton, Commanding the Department of New Mexico and Arizona, charging him with tyranny, oppression and peculation.

AND WHEREAS, we have known the private, public and official character of the said Carleton for now many years, and that such charges and imputations against him meet us as new and surprising, having been unknown and unheard of to us who reside constantly in this Territory.

AND WHEREAS, we hold it to be the honest and honorable duty of citizens to vindicate the fair reputation and meritorious actions of an able, faithful and efficient public officer when grossly, maliciously and falsely assailed and calumniated:

Therefore be it Resolved, That all the charges and imputations contained in the papers referred to, derogatory to the character, standing and conduct of Brigadier-General James H. Carleton, in this Territory, have no foundation, in the opinion and sentiments of our inhabitants, so far as we have had any means of knowing or are ourselves informed.

Resolved, That the said Gen. Carleton has been and still is regarded by us and the people of this Territory, as an able, patriotic officer, and one who is earnestly, actively and disinterestedly

devoting his time, abilities and all the means in his hands to chastise and subdue the hostile Indians, to preserve the safety and integrity of the Government and Union, and to promote and advance the highest and best interests of the Territory and her people.

Resolved, That in the sections of the Territory most known and unfrequented by us, or within our knowledge, an unlimited confidence is felt among the people in the kindness, moderation and justice of the said General Carleton, and that no commander would more largely share the united and favorable opinion of the inhabitants.

Resolved, That to the extent of our knowledge, information and belief, the Military Administration in this Territory, in all its branches and operations, never has been more honestly, fairly, energetically and usefully conducted than by Gen. Carleton and those under his command and supervision.

Resolved, That condemnation too strong cannot be visited upon any person or persons who, for the gratification of malice or ill will, instigated by private disappointment, furnish unfounded, injurious and calumniating statements against just and faithful public officers in this Territory, to be published in prominent papers in the States.

Resolved, That all such attacks upon true and faithful officers and men are attacks upon the interests, and prosperity and honor of the Territory, and their authors are enemies of New Mexican interests and people.

Resolved, That the official acts of General James H. Carleton, as Commander of this Department, in sustaining and aiding the civil Departments of this Territory—the Executive as well as the Judicial—in the discharge of their duties, meets with our hearty approval, and for these acts he deserves the support of his government and the applause of every patriot in the land.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions and the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the President of the United States and the Secretary of War.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be furnished to the editors of the different papers in the Territory and that they be requested to publish the same.

After the report of the committee was read, Hon. Joab Houghton moved that it be adopted, and accompanied the motion with remarks well timed and appropriate to the occasion.

Chief Justice Benedict also spoke to the resolutions, and in his remarks alluded to the official connection he had had with General Carleton for many years past, and declared that he had always found him exceedingly careful not to let the military infringe upon the civil authority.

The report of the Committee was then unanimously adopted.

On motion of Gen. C. P. Chever, Mr. John T. Russell was appointed a committee of one to have the proceedings of this meeting printed.

On motion of Gen. Chever, the meeting adjourned.

HENRY CONNELLY, Pres't.
CERAN ST. VRAIN, Vice Pres'ts.
SIMON DELGADO, Sec'y.
JOAB HOUGHTON, Sec'y.
JNO. T. RUSSELL, Sec'y.
Rocky Mountain News.

DAILY UNION VEDETTE
WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAR. 16, 1864.

Is young Joe Smith a Polygamist?

Don't get scared reader. We are not going to discuss either the creed or the practices of the Mormon church. Therefore go easy, and read what we have to say, briefly on the above subject.

Although this paper can take no part in theological or semi-religious discussions, and has not the remotest interest in the questions dividing the two branches of the so called Church of Latter Day Saints, any more than it has in the quarrels between the immersionists of the Baptist church who believe that salvation depends on ducking the convert, and the sprinklers who are equally convinced that happiness hereafter can be only attained by a few drops of water, still our columns are always open to a discussion of that or any subject likely to interest the people. In conformity with this doctrine we give insertion in to-day's VEDETTE, to a communication from Bro. Briggs, the Josephite Missionary, and the accompanying letters from Joseph and David Smith, sons of the "Joseph the Martyr."

The letters have been placed in our possession and they appear to be the original documents. If any still doubt their authenticity, they can be seen and examined at the office of the Editor of this paper.

We had supposed, however, that none doubted that young Joe Smith was opposed to the doctrine or practice of polygamy. We have seen a number of the copies of his official Church paper published in Illinois, and nearly every one contains an article on the iniquities of the polygamic system. It seems to be one of the fundamental doctrines of this new branch of the Mormon church, to pitch into and abjure what they term the heresy of polygamy. But we do not know but that we are wrong in calling the Josephites a "new branch of the Mormon church." We believe they claim to be the Simon pure organization and that young Joseph, their leader, the son of Joseph the founder, is the appointed and chosen of God to lead the Saints to Zion. Certain it is, they are very severe on Brigham, whom they pronounce an usurper, and his doctrines, especially that of polygamy, downright heresies. Of course, about these quarrels concerning church organization, and the respective creeds, we know nothing, and we may say, care little more.

We have no objection to any man or set of men believing just what they please, and going straight up to Heaven by their own chosen road. As much as we may reprobate what we consider the bad practices of bad, or what is still worse, the evil doings of honest deluded men who really think they are thereby doing the Lord's will, we acknowledge frankly that it is none of our individual business. Nor do we esteem it as our mission as a newspaper to abuse men who may differ with us on religious subjects, unless in so differing they are inflicting a public injury on society, and by their practices, under the thin guise of religion, transgressing the law and undermining morality. Without making any proclamation of our peculiar virtue, or insisting too strenuously with Pharisaic tongue that we are better than the rest of mankind, we shall in the future deal with public questions affecting the public weal as frankly, openly and good naturedly as we have in the past, always endeavoring to eschew prejudice and blackguardism. Some folks, mayhap, will regard this as "officiousness" and allow themselves to get in a passion, but if they write for publication, they should remember that excitement and passion not only spoil digestion, but produce the most indigestible and illogical of articles. As an evidence of our entire independence and don't-care-a-red-cent-attitude, if any Saint thinks we are infringing on his "Constitutional rights" by publishing Mr. Briggs' communication, and has the remotest idea that he can impeach his credibility or prove that young Joe Smith is a polygamist after the manner of the Utah Saints, we'll give him in the VEDETTE room and verge enough to spread himself to his heart's content. We have an instinctive and prevailing passion for freedom of opinion, freedom

of expression and unbounded freedom of the press, and at the same time a disinclination, amounting almost to horror, of anything that savors of prying into and intermeddling with matters that are none of our individual or newspaperial business. We have in our time known of two or three shrewd fellows growing rich by minding their own affairs, and we don't propose to grow poor by attending to those of other folks.

How ABOUT THE GOLD IN UTAH?—Below we print an abstract of assay of quartz rock taken from a ledge in the vicinity of Provo City, about forty miles south of Salt Lake City. The return is from the well known assay office of G. W. Bell & Co., San Francisco, and for mere croppings, presents a most encouraging result:

Assay Office of G. W. Bell & Co.,
No. 512 California Street,
San Francisco, March 2d, 1864.
Memoranda of assay of quartz, assayed for silver and gold:
Gold to the ton—value \$63.00
Silver traces
(Signed) G. W. BELL.

PORT BRIDGER, U. T., March 10, '64.
EDITOR VEDETTE—Sir: The following lines were composed by Mrs. Aurilla F. Stevens, late wife of Sergt. Stevens of Co. M, 2d Cav., Cal. Vol., who was killed at Bear River during that memorable fight. The lines were composed on the presentation of a bunch of Mountain Lilies; the most fragrant flowers I ever smelt, which I gathered on the mountain between Yreka and the town of Dead Wood. In Siskiyou county, California, in the month of August, 1858: G. M. G.

Lines to a Bunch of Mountain Lilies.

BY AURILLIA F. STEVENS, AUGUST 1858.

Sweet lilies, clothed in living robes
Of purple and of white.
It fills my soul to gaze on thee
With feelings of delight;
For thou art beauties' perfect ones,
Thy tears are glistening dew,
That Heaven kindly has bestowed.
Thy freshness to renew.

Thy garden was a mountain green
Where shady cedars stand.
And tall pines bend their stately forms,
The giants of the land;
And there among the waving boughs
The merry songsters sing
A welcome to the lilies fair,
That bloom in summer's spring.

A welcome, yes; and well they may,
For fragrance sweet and rare
Arises from the lovely flowers,
And scents the mountain air,
And tempts the weary traveler
To rest beneath the shade,
Upon the carpet bright and green
That smiling Nature made.

Thou art, oh lovely, modest ones,
The queens of all the flowers
That grace the mountain side, or deck
The leafy woodland bowers.
Sweet lilies, fairest, loveliest ones
That on earth ever grew!
King Solomon, with all his wealth,
Was not arrayed like you.

[COMMUNICATED.]

CAMP DOUGLAS, March 13th, 1864.
EDITOR VEDETTE—In your issue of the 12th of March we notice an article setting forth the discharge of one Henry H. Angel from B Company, Nevada Cavalry, upon the grounds of his having been an escaped convict, etc. We desire a correction. No such person has ever been a member of our Company. We would not have noticed the article alluded to if your paper had only a garrison circulation; but we do not wish it to be understood abroad that the officers of "B" recruit from that class of persons. By making the correction you will oblige the members of B Company.

SOLDIER.
Henry Angel was a member of Company A, Nevada Volunteers, instead of Co. B, as stated by you. It is no reflection on company officers that ex-convicts should sometimes be recruited by them, as they cannot be supposed to know the personal history of every man who offers himself for enlistment.

While we are on this subject, we may add that Angel was discharged by Gen. Wright before he was pardoned by the Governor, and as soon as the Department Commander became apprised of the fact that he had been claimed by the civil authorities as an escaped convict and delivered up to them.

Does Joseph Smith favor Polygamy?
Interesting Correspondence.

G. S. L. CITY, March 11th, 1863.
EDITOR VEDETTE—Sir: Reports having been circulated by designing men in this Territory, with a view to prejudice the minds of the people, some stating that Joseph and David Smith are not connected with the re-organized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, others that President Joseph Smith favors the doctrine of polygamy, I shall feel obliged by your publishing the enclosed letter, received by me from them, since my arrival in this city. Yours respectfully,
E. C. BRIGGS.

LETTER FROM JOSEPH SMITH (SON OF "JOSEPH THE MARTYR.")

LITTLE SIOUX, Oct. 14th, 1863.
Mr. E. C. Briggs:—Brother, your letter came safely, and we were much pleased to hear such encouraging news from the Salt land. We received it the morning that Conference convened and I assure that the Saints were cheered to hear how the good Lord prospered you. You ask me for something to exhibit to the wavering and doubtful. In the desire to promote the interest of the work, I can only say to you that my mission is to recall the erring sons and daughters of the Latter Day work to a sense of their condition, and to feel after them by the considerations of his word and law as given to them at the opening of this dispensation. As for the stories in circulation regarding what my cousin John said, I do not believe he ever said that which you wrote of (i. e. the \$100,000 story); and as for my coming West, my brothers and myself are now as far West as we expect to be this season. We have not the remotest idea of coming to the valley of the Great Salt Lake, and more especially while so much iniquity abounds in the shape of that most revolting blasphemy, Polygamy. I am called to stem the tide of its usurpations and to lift my voice in solemn warning against its crying evils, and to eradicate it from the Church. For the manner in which I am moving, I shall let the Lord have his own way. I am sorry that any of the people who were once tolerant and who continually cried out against bigotry and intolerance, should now be the most intolerant and unapproachable people we meet with. You may rest assured brother Edmund, that our prayers have ascended in your behalf, and our constant petition has been, "Lord, bless thy servants in the Salt Land." My heart bleeds for that people, and when I think upon the deep degradation into which many have fallen, I am led to exclaim, "How long, oh Lord, holy and true, wilt thou suffer the cries of the down trodden and oppressed to come up, without loosening their bands?" I feel grateful to God that I am enabled to say to you brother Edmund, that my duty is becoming plainer, that my faith is still increasing, and that the time is drawing near when all will know that the Lord worketh for the welfare of Israel. You may say to the doubtful and the timid, that the Lord calls upon them to arise from their sleeping; to shake off their shackles of sin and stand up manfully for the faith once delivered to them; and say further, that by the grace of God, I am enlisted in this cause and shall be found crying "repent ye, oh Israel, humble yourselves and ask God to favor you inasmuch that you may hear his voice once again for your good." To this end I pray God to release His people, that they may hear the voices of them that cry for repentance. If any doubt that I am not interested in the new work of reformation, show them this letter, and tell them I will meet them before the judge on the day when the books are opened. Tell them to ask God, and he will hear and answer their prayers whether I am the favored of Him, or speak by the devices of the spirit of man.
I will write again after I return home. I remain, yours, for the sake of the Kingdom,
JOSEPH SMITH.

LETTER FROM DAVID SMITH, BROTHER TO JOSEPH THE YOUNGER.

DEAR BROTHER—You may tell all who wish to hear from me, that I am with my brother Joseph in faith, and that I endorse his testimony; that my whole desire is to forward the cause of Zion, and I would exhort all who have wandered, to rise up and shake off their uncleanness, and get loose from bondage. You have been with me, you have heard me bear my testimony. Go forward and do your duty, and pay as little attention as possible to those hundred and one stories you hear. I am a little nervous, and when I think that the sons and daughters of Zion should choose iniquity, should love bondage, it puts me out of patience. My dear Brother may God bless you.
From
DAVID H. SMITH.

Answer to a Correspondent.

J. H. Fort Ruby, asks "why we do not get any mail from Salt Lake City at least one day in each week. This morning we had no Eastern mail, and one day last week the same way. It is annoying not to get your paper and the mail from the East each day."

But six mails per week leave the Salt Lake Office—every day, except Sunday.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH
SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE
SAN FRANCISCO, March 14th.

SAILED.—Opposition steamer, American, for Panama, with 614 passengers.
Ship Flying Eagle, for Boston.
SPOKEN.—March 5th, lat. 33 north.
Carrier Dove, from New York, for San Francisco.
ARRIVED.—Brig Admiral, from Mexico.

Ship Galatea, from New York.
The French Consul advertised the honor of informing the mercantile community that the Admiral of the French fleet has declared Acapulco and Mazanillo, under blockade. Until further orders, neither passengers or merchandise will be allowed to enter those ports.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.
SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Reorganization of the Army of the Potomac—Lieut.-Col. Sanderson under arrest—Suspension of further exchanges—Gen. Rosecrans exonerated from blame.

WASHINGTON, March 12.
Gen. Grant returns here in eight or ten days, when he will re-organize the Army of the Potomac, and head its first movements in the spring, when Gen. Smith may receive the command. Halleck has been offered the command of any department he wants.

Lieut.-Col. Sanderson is under arrest for charges preferred by Col. Straight, for disclosing to the rebel authorities the plan of the Union prisoners to escape from Libby Prison. None of his friends have any doubt of his innocence.

Gen. Woodworth has gone to Fortress Monroe, with orders to suspend further exchanges on Gen. Butler's plan; under that arrangement we get only seventy-five of our prisoners for one hundred rebels.

The Commissioners appointed to investigate the conduct of Gen. Rosecrans at Chickamauga, fully exonerate him from blame.

Destructive Fires Near Richmond.
CHICAGO, March 14th.

The Richmond Examiner of the 8th contains an account of three fires Friday night in the vicinity of Richmond, destroying over one hundred thousand dollars worth of property, and says, these three conflagrations occurring in almost opposite points of the compass from the city, within a few hours of each other, leads to the belief that they were kindled by skulking Yankees, who, perhaps, got separated and lost in the late raid, adopted this method of signalling each other and getting together.

A CHANGE.—Captain Charles A. Sumner, late Quartermaster at Fort Churchill, which position he recently resigned, has been appointed by Governor Nye Colonel of the First Regiment of Nevada Territorial Volunteers, vice Hungerford resigned.—The Enterprise.

Associate yourselves with people of good quality, if you esteem your own reputation; for it is better to be alone than in bad company.

DIED.
At Camp Douglas, March 14th, Private Lemuel Dorr, of Company L, 2d Cav. Cal. Vols., aged 21 years, formerly from Richmond, Va.

BY PACIFIC MAIL.
[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Jacksonville Advices.
New York, March 14th.

Advices from Jacksonville of the 7th, say that Gen. Seymour was still in command at that place.

Our loss at Olustee reaches 1800, of whom two-thirds were slightly wounded.

Hilton Head letters state that firing on Sumter and Charleston had ceased.

On Tuesday the schooner Alice A. Turner, a small blockade runner, ran ashore at Tybee Island, and was captured by our troops.

A Jacksonville letter states that Col. Henry's cavalry routed a body of rebel cavalry on Three Mile River, which is some distance from Jacksonville. The rebel force now consists of seventeen regiments of infantry and two of cavalry, besides artillery.

The Savannah News of the 2d, contains an account of the capture of the rebel ship Eliza, with a cargo valued at \$30,000.

The Mississippian reports that four hundred deserters in Jones county are organized, and that they will resist all attempts to subdue them.

The Mobile Tribune of the 2d, says: On Monday five hundred and sixty-seven shots were thrown at Fort Powell by the Yankee fleet, without doing any damage.

The new Red River expedition.
New York, March 14th.

The World's Orleans letter thinks there is reason to expect success from the new Red River expedition. A cavalry force had been sent to the front. The thirteenth and nineteenth corps under McClelland and Franklin with a co-operating force from Vicksburg, form the rest of the expedition. An expedition sent across Lake Ponchartrain, two months since, has returned to Orleans.

Congressional.
New York, March 14th.

A special says the Ways and Means Committee adopted the amendment to the National Banking bill, allowing Banks to issue one, two and three dollar notes until resumption of specie payments, when they will be called in. Generals Gilmore and Seymour have been summoned here by the Committee on Conduct of the War.

Supplemental revenue bill prepared by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, is now in the hands of the Ways and Means Committee. It suggests an additional tax of \$1 on whisky; 50 cents on tobacco.

This morning's Chronicle says: Gen. Wadsworth is instructed to state that no more prisoners will be exchanged, except upon the principle of man for man, regardless of color.

WASHINGTON, March 14th.

House.—McBride introduced a bill granting lands in aid of the construction of a railroad from Salt Lake City to the head waters of Oregon and to secure the same for postal and military purposes. This with others relating to the Pacific railroad, were referred to Select Committee in subject. Arnold introduced a bill providing for permanent peace by removing cause

of war. It provides that from and after passage of the bill, slavery shall be abolished in all the States and Territories. Referred to Judiciary Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 14th.

House.—Ashley introduced a bill extending time in which States and Territories may avail themselves of the act donating public lands for establishment of agricultural colleges. Referred to Committee on Public Lands. Washburne asked leave to offer a resolution to instruct the Ways and Means Committee in next Revenue Bill to tax the stock of domestic liquors on hand 60 cents per gallon. Stevens objected. Washburne moved suspension of rules; House refused to suspend, by 54 to 55.

Rebel News.
St. Louis, March 14th.

Vicksburg advices of the 2d, say: All boats at that place have been pressed into Government service.

It is reported a movement will be made via. Red, Black and Washita rivers, to Monroe, thence by land to Shreveport, La. Gen. Steel co-operates from Little Rock.

CUMBERLAND GAP, March 13th.

Information deemed reliable, says: Gen. Longstreet's head-quarters are at Greenville, Tenn., Buckner's at Bulls Gap. Their main forces are between there two points; their pickets eight miles above Morristown. Gen. Vaughn at Rogersville and Jones at Long Mills, eight miles below Jonesville, Virginia.

General News.
New York, March 14th.

Special to the Post says: It is doubtful whether States bill will pass the House.

A Jacksonville letter of the 11th, reports heavy firing up the river, understood to be our gunboats feeling the rebel lines, late that day our advance, Col. Henry's cavalry, were attacked and driven in from their advanced position. It was expected the rebels would make an attack on Jacksonville next day, if not, our forces would soon advance.

NEW YORK, March 14th.

Special to the Commercial Advertiser says: It is understood the Senate will reconstruct the House Bill providing the establishment of a Bureau of Freedmen's Affairs.

Gen. Meade's friends are making active actions to have him retained in command of the army of the Potomac, but chances of success are said to be slim.

A movement is under weigh having in view the transfer of all low priced wool from free list to duty, paying schedule tariffs.

It is reported the President will soon call for three hundred thousand more men; repeated from Harrisburg on authority of Governor Curtin.

NEW YORK, March 14th.

Bank statements show an increase of loans, fifty-four hundred and forty thousand; decrease of specie, four hundred and thirty-seven thousand; increase of deposits, ninety-one hundred and fifteen thousand.

Foreign News.
Portland, March 14th.

By the Jura from Liverpool, 13th, Londonderry, 14th:

The Times' editorial on Gen. Bank's general order relative to negro labor, says: It is the establishment of serfdom or continuance of slavery without the name.

The allies made a close reconnaissance towards Duppel on the 2d. Gen. Demsea expressed the belief that Duppel cannot be taken before May or June, even then under most unfavorable circumstances to the Danes.

Additional by the Jura: Berlin and Vienna journals ridicule the National Conference.

The Post premises England will renew her alliance with France against an unjust cause, and says, with gallant neighbors, Italians and Scandinavians, and with Poles, Hungarians and Turks, it will be amazing if we do not make short work of this Holy Alliance.

Mason had returned to London from Paris; supposed in connection with the alleged recognition and negotiations.

The Arch Duke's visit to Paris is postponed; alleged cause, influenza, but there is a hitch as to his leaving command of the French troops in Mexico.

There has been no fighting in Schleswig.

Gen. Gerlach succeeded Demsea as Commander-in-Chief of the Danish army.

JAMES LINFORTH,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
308 BATTERY STREET,
San Francisco, Cal.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. m24f

CITY RESTAURANT.

HYDE & VANCE, Proprietors.
We would respectfully announce to the citizens of Salt Lake City and vicinity, and particularly the traveling public, that we have just opened a first class Restaurant, on Main street, next door to the Salt Lake House, where we will always be found ready to serve up Meals at all hours, in the best style and on the most reasonable terms. m24f

EXCHANGE,

BROKERS AND BANKING OFFICE:

JOHN W. KERR,

DEALER IN
COIN, GOLD DUST and EXCHANGE.
Office, Salt Lake House Main Street, G. S. L. City. feb204f

MR. P. MOONEY

Has the pleasure of announcing to the Soldiers of Camp Douglas, that he will give a

ST. PATRICK'S BALL
—ON—
MARCH 17th, 1864.

Carriages will be in attendance, free of charge.
TICKETS, \$5.00

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE.

THE undersigned offers for sale cheap a first class traveling or freight wagon, Chicago manufacture, with sound, new oil cloth cover. The wagon is in first rate order. Call and see it. Apply "on the premises," G. S. L. City, 1st South Temple street, near Main, to m24f S. M. IRWIN.

C. CLIVE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Main St. opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City.

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.
Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms. dian71f

CAMP DOUGLAS
Shaving, Shampooing, and Hair-Cutting

SA LOON.
JOHN TAUFER has the pleasure of announcing to the residents of Camp Douglas and vicinity that he has again opened his Shaving, Shampooing and Hair-Cutting Saloon, and is now prepared to attend to the wants of all those who will favor him with a call. feb18-19m

WANTED.

HAY and WOOD, at Camp Douglas, by WALKER. feb18-19m

THEATER!!
GREATSALT LAKE CITY!!

Manager, H. B. CLAWSON
Stage Manager, JOHN T. CARNE

PERFORMANCES EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

The talented, versatile artists,
MR. and MRS. S. M. IRWIN
Appear Every Evening!

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAR. 16th, 1864

Will be presented for the first time the Magnificent Drama in two acts,

SATAN IN PARIS
Or The Mysterious Stranger.

The Mysterious Stranger, assuming six different Characters. Mrs. S. M. Irwin
COUNT HENRY BRANCOLOLLI. Mr. S. M. Irwin

Other characters by Messrs. McKenzie, Simmons, Maiben, Margotta, Dunbar, Mondragon, Bowring, Woodmansee and Gibson, and Miss Alexander.

The Laughable High Comedy Farce never before acted here.

MY FELLOW CLERK.
Tactic. Mr. S. M. Irwin

For full particulars, see bills of day.

Doors open at quarter past six; Curtain rises at seven o'clock. Box Office open every day for sale of tickets.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the V-dette Silver and Copper Mining Company, at the office of the Secretary, on Thursday the 17th inst., at 7 P. M. A full attendance is requested.
m24 41 N. O. PRATT, Secretary.

NOTICE.

OFFICE JORDAN SILVER MINING CO.,
Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864.
ALL persons purchasing Certificates of Stock in the Jordan Silver Mining Company, are notified that they must present their Certificates so purchased to the Secretary, in order that they may be cancelled, and new certificates issued instead.
By order of the Board of Trustees.
G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y.
feb19-1m

SALT! SALT!!

A No. one article of fine boiled
TABLE SALT,
Put up in sacks of all sizes, in good style and at the shortest notice. Also, a superior quality without sacks furnished in any quantity, on application to
feb18-1m M. J. SNEDEKER,
City ward, G. S. L. City.

MANURE FOR SALE.

SEVERAL hundred loads of Manure for sale, at twenty-five cents per load, at Camp Douglas, U. T. Apply to the Post Treasurer. Jan274f

RANSOHOFF & BRO.,

MAIN STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY.

Now offer to the Public one of the Best Assorted and Largest Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Fancy and Staple Articles,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS TERRITORY.

SELECTED WITH ESPECIAL VIEW TO THIS MARKET.

At Rates to Suit the Times.

A Full Assortment of

Merchandise,

Including

Fancy Articles, Dress Goods, Trimmings, Groceries, Hardware and Crockery.

In fact everything desirable, necessary and useful, from Needles up to Cooking Stoves; from Flannel Laces and Silks to Calicoes, Collars and

WOOLEN GOODS.

GIVE US A CALL AND SEE OUR PRICES.

feb27-41f RANSOHOFF & BRO.

Lecture to Bachelors.—The editor of the *Evansville Journal* retired from his editorial sanctum a short time since, on a visit to another State, and while absent took unto himself a charming wife. On his return home, and in resuming the conduct of his paper, he thus discourses:

In announcing the fact of our return home with a rib, we cannot refrain from expressing our profound disgust of bachelorism and bachelors—and we expect to be disgusted with both several weeks. We are well aware that in times gone by, we occasionally made ourselves ridiculous in the eyes of sensible men, by upholding the bachelor state as the only life of happiness, independence and earthly glory. But we were young and green then, and of course knew but one side of the subject. Now, stand up here, you "consarned" ugly "pickers" of humanity rejoicing in the name of bachelors, and answer us a few questions.

What are you good for in this world? What good are you doing for your country? What interest have you in the "generations yet unborn" you read of? Where will you be when old men, if your vile habits ever permit you to arrive at a good old age? Won't you be like lonely, seared and scathed trees standing in a big clearing without a companion, and your life unprotected from the frosts by young saplings and shrubs at your feet? Or won't you be like pumpkins in a corn field, more prominent, because your prodigious ugliness and loneliness, than the stalks at your side laden with golden grain? Hold your heads up and talk like men, whether you can act so or not. Now, don't you feel ashamed of yourselves? Look at the girls about you, all smiles and sugar—hearts overflowing with love, ready to be spilled on the first good fellow who can touch their sympathies—feelings as rich as cream, which by a kindred spirit can soon be worked into butter and spread over your life till you are as happy as the birds of spring. Look at 'em, and feel the disgusting position which you occupy in the cabbage garden of humanity. What are you holding back for? Now, just reform—put on your best looks and your other coat—visit the girls, ice cream them, talk to them prettily, drive them, please them—then, propose, get accepted, marry, and the country will rely on you as a faithful and well disposed citizen.

The Duke of Hajar, a grandee of the first class, died recently in Madrid. The deceased Duke belonged to a family which possessed the curious privilege of receiving every year the clothes worn by the Kings and Queens of Spain on the day of Epiphany. The museum in which the "old clothes" are placed, is an object of much curiosity to visitors to Madrid.

Fame often sets at first upon something accidental; and often, too, is swept away, or for a time removed; but neither genius nor glory is conferred at once; nor do they glimmer and fall, like drops in a grotto, at a shout.

The human being is not formed to grow altogether upwards like plants and deer's horns, nor yet altogether downwards like feathers and upper-jaw teeth; but, like muscles, at both ends at once.

A bounty of \$1,000 is paid in Newark, New Jersey, to every recruit under the last call for troops. A regiment will thus cost \$100,000.

One should not dispute with a man, who either through stupidity or shamelessness, denies plain and visible truths.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!

We have just opened at our New Store

A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

From the Eastern Market,

Which we wish to dispose of as soon as possible, on Reasonable Terms.

Call and examine, at the New Store, opposite the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, west side of Main street. m7-14

WILKINSON & CONRAD.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

We have just received from California, a

LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

STOCK OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, Gentlemen's Clothing, Tobacco, Cigars, Dye Stuffs and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

Town Clock Store, opposite Godbe's Drug store.

Call and examine our New Stock.

mar10-2w

F. D. CLIFT.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

I have just received and have to

ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS,

A large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Which I wish to dispose of as soon as possible.

Call and examine, and note the prices; no trouble to show goods.

WM. JENNINGS,

Staines & Needham's old Store, Main St.

The highest prices paid for Gold Coin and Gold Dust. February 24th, 1864-1f

W. JENNINGS.

GREAT SALT LAKE

—AND—

EAST BANNACK EXPRESS LINE

WILL commence running regular trips, with good thorough braced wagons, April 1st, 1864.

THROUGH IN SEVEN DAYS.

Leave Great Salt Lake City every Wednesday, via Bannack and Nevada, and arrive at Virginia City every Tuesday.

Leave Virginia City every Tuesday, via Nevada and Bannack City, and arrive at Great Salt Lake City every Monday.

Passengers and Express matter conveyed.

Thos. D. Brown, Agent, Main St., G. S. L. City. Proprietors, m8-1d

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

KIDGELL begs leave to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has removed his jewelry establishment to a more suitable store, on 1st South Temple street, near E. C. Gilbert's blacksmithing shop, and opposite Mr. J. Clawson's ice cream saloon, and at the same time returns thanks for past favors and solicits a continuance of their patronage, both in making and repairing jewelry, watches, etc., as he has engaged a first rate watch maker, and by strict attention to business and good workmanship, he hopes to give general satisfaction. Call and see him, as he expects a large stock of new goods to arrive soon. 2-1m

PAXTON & THORNBURG, Virginia, E. WILKINSON, Austin.

PAXTON, THORNBURG & CO.,

BANKERS,

AUSTIN, Nevada Territory. N. T.

Virginia, Sacramento, Marysville and San Francisco.

Buy Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Warrants and other securities.

Purchase Billions, and advance on the same for Coinage at the Mint.

Receive Deposits, make Collections, and transact a general Banking business. feb24-1f

H. W. THRELL, Virginia, Paxton, Thornburgh & Co., Austin.

ASSAY OFFICE

THRELL & CO.,

AUSTIN, Nevada Territory.

Gold and Silver Bullion and Ores of every description, melted and assayed. Returns made in Bars or Coin.

We guarantee the correctness of our Assays.

All business entrusted to our care will be promptly and accurately attended to. feb24-1f

THRELL & CO.

ARMY PROPOSALS.

Commissary Department, U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR

SUBSISTENCE SUPPLIES.

SCREENING OFFICE,

G. S. L. City, Mar. 1st, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the U. S. Commissary of Subsistence for the District of Utah in this City until the 30th day of May 1864, for furnishing the following named Subsistence Stores—Viz:

1st, FRESH BEEF.

Three hundred and twenty thousand (320,000) pounds, more or less, of fresh beef, killed and dressed in the usual manner, (necks, shanks, and kidney tallow excluded,) for the troops stationed at Camp Douglas, to be delivered at that place, at such times and in such quantities as the commanding officer may direct.

The delivery to commence on the first day of July, 1864, and end on the 30th day of June, 1865.

2nd, FLOUR.

Five hundred and fifty thousand (550,000) pounds, more or less, of A. No. 1 flour, in good and substantial sacks, containing 100 lbs each, and subject to inspection; to be delivered in such quantities and at such times as may be required, the delivery to commence on the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 1st day of January, 1865.

Provided, that, not less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds shall be delivered during each of the months, from July to December, 1864, inclusive.

3rd, POTATOES.

Two thousand (2,000) bushels of potatoes, the delivery to commence on the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 30th day of November, 1864. The delivery to be made at the Commissary Warehouse, in Great Salt Lake City, or at Camp Douglas, as the Commissary may direct.

4th, SALT.

Two hundred and fifty (250) bushels of A. No. 1 fine boiled salt, in sacks, delivered on or before the 1st day of November, 1864, at the Commissary Warehouse, provided that at least twenty-five (25) bushels be delivered during each of the months of July, August and September, 1864.

Salt and Potatoes will be estimated and bid for at the rate of sixty (60) pounds to the bushel.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may have on hand for distribution.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required for the fulfillment of the contract or contracts, and the names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

In all cases except that of Fresh Beef, bids will be entertained for furnishing the whole or a part of the above named articles; provide such part shall not be less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds Flour, two hundred and fifty (250) bushels Potatoes, fifty (50) bushels of Salt, and each bid must state specifically the articles and amount proposed to be delivered and the price.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the proposals at the office of the undersigned, at 1 P. M., on Friday, the 20th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through Post-Office or otherwise) to Capt. Chas. H. Humphreys, U. S. Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed Proposals for "Beef," "Flour," "Potatoes" or "Salt," as the case may be.

CHAS. H. HUMPHREYS,

Capt. and Commissary of Subsistence, District of Utah.

Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A.

Proposals for Fuel and Forage.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

Great Salt Lake City, U. T.

March 21, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office (next door to the Post-Office) until 12 M., the 20th day of May, 1864, for furnishing the following supplies of Quartermaster's stores, to be delivered at Camp Douglas, U. T., in such quantities as required; provided that two thirds of the whole amount of each article required, shall be delivered by the 1st day of December, 1864, and all to be delivered prior to June 30th, 1865.

Wood—Four Thousand (4,000) Cords.

Hay—Two Thousand (2,000) Tons.

Oats—One Hundred Thousand (100,000) Bushels.

All the articles must be of the best quality, and bidders will so specify in their bids; also good and sufficient bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contracts, and names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Bids will be received for furnishing the whole amount of each article required in one bid. And bids also will be received for not less than 10,000 bushels of Oats, or 300 tons of Hay, or 1,000 cords of Wood, in any one bid.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may furnish.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of proposals, at my office, at 12 M., the 20th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through the Post-Office or otherwise) to Capt. D. B. Stover, Ass't Quartermaster, Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed, Proposals for "Wood," "Hay" or "Oats," as the case may be.

D. B. STOVER,

Capt. and Ass't Quartermaster, District of Utah.

CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS

RESTAURANT.

South-east of the Cavalry quarters Camp Douglas.

Meals at all hours between Revell's and

Feb 8 p m JULIAN AVERY, Prop'r.

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House

The citizens of Great Salt Lake City, and the traveling public are respectfully informed that the

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House,

situated on Main street, opposite the Salt Lake House, is now open, and the proprietors are prepared to furnish

Board and Lodging on reasonable terms.

Jan 6-1f

JOS. D. BAYLISS.

HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING, AND

SHAMPOOING.

E. J. CASANO HAS THE PLEASURE OF IN-

forming the public that he has fitted up and opened a neat and

COMMODIOUS SALOON

South of the Cavalry quarters, at Camp Douglas, where he will attend to the wants of all who may favor him with their patronage. JAN 20 1864

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!

CITIZENS OF UTAH

Bring in Your Produce

A. GILBERT,

(Next door to the Salt Lake House, and

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Consisting of

COTTON, WOOLEN, AND

CALICOES, SILK, DRILLINGS, and other

STAPLES.

Selected Especially for this Market.

Also offers on reasonable terms.

GROCERIES, COFFEE, CANDLES,

SOAP, etc., etc., etc.,

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY,

On Terms to Suit.

EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

COAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has prepared to deliver at his mine on East Valley first rate quality of Stone Coal at the rate of two dollars per ton. I guarantee this Coal to be superior to any in the Territory. A large quantity of my Coal is identical with the famous Coal of Orders may be left either at the mine or at the Telegraph Office, G. S. L. City.

Jan 18th

GEO. W. CARLETON

NOTICE.

THE Public are notified that the Checks and change at my store, are only for circulation at Camp Douglas. Parties circulating my checks outside of Camp Douglas are notified that they do so at their own risk, and that I will not be responsible for their acts. Persons holding my checks outside of Camp Douglas are notified that they will be redeemed on presentation at my store.

JOSEPH H. NEVITT,

Post Office.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between W. Carleton and William Gilbert, in the New Coal Mine, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against said Company will be settled by W. Carleton, he having bought out the entire interest in said Company.

NOTICE.

OFFICE, JORDAN SILVER MINE, G.

Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864.

THE Stockholders of the Jordan Silver Mine, are hereby notified that an agreement has been made (5) of Two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) per share, was levied by the Board of Trustees, on the 1st day of February, 1864, and is payable on or before the first day of April, 1864.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y.

Feb 17th

FAUST'S

LIVERY, SALE, AND FEED STABLE.

(SECOND SOUTH TEMPLE STREET.)

GREAT SALT LAKE COUNTRY

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND SADDLE HORSES

on moderate terms.

Horse and Cattle Market.

Auction Sales every Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. Particular attention given to selling Horses, Cattle and Stock of all kinds. Purchasers and sellers will consult their interests by calling on me.

CORRAL ACCOMMODATIONS

on a liberal scale, at my premises. Persons with horse convenient stabling, at reasonable rates.

RANCH.

Horses or Cattle Ranched by the month or season.

Feb 26-1f

NOTICE.

Shareholders of the Star Company, Hope

requested to meet at Camp Douglas, U. T., on

day evening, March 14th, at half past seven o'clock, for transaction of business. By request of

Board of Directors of said Company.